# The Genesis Calendar of Prophecy 

## 'Holy Days a Prophetic Outline' <br> A brief description <br> hyh hyh

The Genesis Calendar Maintains the days and nights, weeks, months, years, weeks of years with 7 years completing a week. The Yobel (Jubile) and most importantly Shabbath's, Seasons (Tekufah) and Holy days.

The Days then Nights are represented according to Genesis chapter One and are shaded for reference, the days with zero's are seasonal days, a total of four being 2 Equinox and 2 solstices the zero time being the transitions from one season to the other.

Days then nights are shown with some the following example verses:
(Gen 7:4,12 Exo 24:18 34:28 De 9:9,11,18,25 10:10 1sam 30:12 1ki 19:8 Job 2:13 Jonah 1:17 John 9:4-5)
The weeks are defined from the beginning in Genesis -- 7 days were created which began the week ending with the shabbath day. (Gen 1:31 Gen 2:1-3)

The months are named by their Hebrew numbers as according to the following verses. (Gen 7:11 Gen 8:5 Lev 23:5)

The years over the centuries are as close to being accurate as possible taken into account of the variance throughout history, staying within the bounds of scripture, and being as correct as possible with no more than a plus or minus of 3 years. (Gen 1:14)

The week of years, The Yobel once every 50th year after 7 weeks of years with a 7-year cycle and with completion of the 7th year Shabbath's for each week. (Lev 25:1-13)

The Shabbath defined as the seventh day of creation. (Gen 2:1-3)
The Seasons are presented by the Hebrew term, Tekufah, those four days represent the four Seasons of the equinox and solstice. The Spring Tekufah (Spring Equinox), sets the start of the calendar month of 30 days for a duration of 12 months ( 360 days), plus the 4 Tekufah days each being added between seasons to a solar year, brings the total number of days per year to 364.

Thus, the Genesis Calendar being self-corrective with one day for each week of years totaling 7 days at the end of 49 years, going into the Yobel (Jubile), putting the calendar back in line with 365 days of a solar year. (Gen 1:14 Lev 25:1-4)

The Holy days which define prophecy and a plan. The Holy days land on certain days and the calendar must show that. Passover should be on 14th day the middle of the week (Lev 23:5), Feast of Unleavened bread starts on the 15th day (Lev 23:6), The Wave sheaf the day after the Shabbath (Lev 23:5), then to Pentecost (Feast of Weeks) on the 50th day, always on the first day of the week (Lev 23:15-22), Feast of trumpets on the first day of the 7th month (Lev 23:24-25), Day of Atonement on the 10th day always on a sabbath but starting the night before (Lev 23:27-32), Feast of tabernacles starting on the 15th and ending 8 days later (Lev 23:39).

## The layout of the Genesis Calendar:

The header of the calendar (month) has the following; the months are named by Hebrew numbers for example Rishon which means first and Sheny meaning second and so on, they are on the upper left comer of each month and next repeated but in English is the numbered month. The middle of the header has the years both Genesis year and common year displayed.

The right-hand corner are modern month names abbreviated for reference. Each day of the week is numbered 1 thru 6 we use the word sabbath which means seventh.

The Day number is located in the upper left-hand corner of each day, then showing for reference in smaller print common (secular) dates in each of the months noting the beginning of each common month and showing when the equinox and solstice from the common, or secular calendar occur - this is done for reference only, demonstrating how far the drift has become between the Biblical Calendar and the secular, even the Christians and Jewish calendars.

The Georgian calendar month references are in the right upper comer with the 1st and 15 th and special times of each month located in the calendar for reference.

We placed the new Moon, again just for a reference between this calendar and the Hebrew calendar that is being used today with the moon's left side positioned near the night and dawn of its rising.

Finally, the last page is a 12-month calendar of the previous 12 single months.
For a complete history of 'The Genesis Calendar of the Bible' go to 'servantsofyahshua.com'


| Sheny |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |













## The 50 Years and $\mathbf{7 S a b b a t h s}$ from the beginning to the $70^{\text {th }}$ Yobel (Jubilee)

## 'Gray colored of years are the Sabbaths of every seventh year.'

The $69^{\text {th }}$ Yobel 5953/2029 then the $70^{\text {th }}$ Yobel starting in 5954 and finishing in 6003
G.C. / A.D.

| $59 \underline{54 / 2030}$ | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | $60 s$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $59 \underline{61 / 2037}$ | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | $67 s$ |
| $59 \underline{68 / 2044}$ | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | $74 s$ |
| $5975 / 2051$ | 75 | 76 | 77 | $78 *$ | 79 | 80 | $81 s$ |
| $59 \underline{82 / 2058}$ | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | $88 s$ |
| $5989 / 2065$ | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | $95 s$ |
| $5996 / 2072$ | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 6000 | 6001 | $6002 s$ |
| $6003 / 2079$ | $70^{\text {th }}$ Yobel |  |  |  |  |  |  |

- Midst of the week


## The Starting Seasons for the $70^{\text {th }}$ Yobel (Jubilee)

Equinox of March 20 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ landing on a weekday beginning from Yobel 69h-2029 to $70^{\text {tt }}-2079$

| 2034 --- 2045 --- 2051 --- 2056 --- 2062 --- 2073 --- 2079y | Mon | $1^{\text {st }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2029y--- 2035 --- 2040 --- 2046 --- 2057s --- 2063 --- 2068 --- 2074 | Tue | $2^{\text {nd }}$ |
| 2030 --- 2041 --- 2047 --- 2052 --- 2058 --- 2069 --- 2075 | Wed | $3^{\text {rd }}$ |
| 2031 --- 2036s --- 2042 --- 2053 --- 2059 --- 2064s --- 2070 | Thru | $4^{\text {th }}$ |
| 2037 --- 2043s --- 2048 --- 2054 --- 2065 ---2071s --- 2076 | Fri | $5^{\text {th }}$ |
| 2032--- $2038-$-- 2049 --- 2055 --- $2060--2066--2077$ | Sat | $6^{\text {th }}$ |
| 2033 --- 2039 --- 2044 --- 2050s --- 2061 --- 2067 --- 2072 --- 2078s | Sun | $7^{\text {th }}$ |

The day of the Spring Equinox setting on different days of the week First to Seventh Each for a different year.

